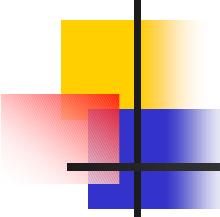


Algoritmos Paralelos BSP/CGM

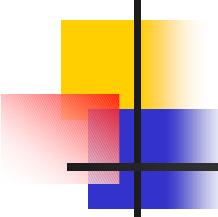


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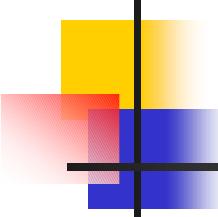
Ordenação – SplitSort

- // Passo 1. Distribua os dados para as tarefas
- // Passo 2. Calcule as $p-1$ separatrizes (quartil)
- // Passo 3. Envie os $p-1$ quartis para a tarefa 0
- // Passo 4. Receba os $p-1$ quartis e calcule o conjunto S ($p-1$ quartis dos elementos recebidos tarefa 0)
- // Passo 5. Envie S a todas as tarefas
- // Passo 6. Calcule os buckets
- // Passo 7. Envie os buckets
- // Passo 8. Ordene dos buckets



Passo 1 - Inicialização

```
// Passo 1. Inicialização  
MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);  
// número de tarefas  
MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &size);  
// identificação da tarefa  
MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &rank);  
// tamanho do subvetor  
tam = (int) TAMMAX/size;
```

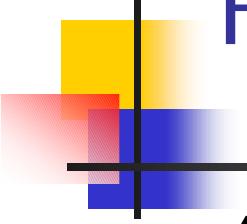


Passo 2 – Distribuição dos Dados

```
// vetor de dados  
int VetorDados[16] =  
{3,20,51,12,35,7,10,40,4,23,1,9,6,8,21,2};
```

// Passo 2. Distribua os dados entre as tarefas

```
MPI_Scatter(VetorDados, tam, MPI_INT, SubVetor,  
tam, MPI_INT, root, MPI_COMM_WORLD);  
// rank 0 e SubVetor[0-3] = [3, 20, 51, 12]  
// rank 1 e SubVetor[0-3] = [35, 7, 10, 40]  
// rank 2 e SubVetor[0-3] = [4, 23, 1, 9]  
// rank 3 e SubVetor[0-3] = [6, 8, 21, 2]
```

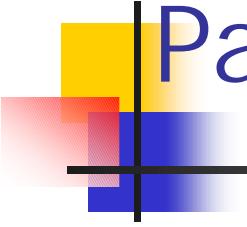


Passo 3 - Quartis

```
// Passo 3. Calcule os p-1 quartis  
size_e = sizeof(int);  
qsort(SubVetor, tam, size_e, Compar);  
for (i = 1; i < size; i++)  
    Quartis[i-1] = (SubVetor[((i*tam)/size)-  
1]+SubVetor[((i*tam)/size)])/2;
```

Passo 3 - Quartis

```
// rank 0 e SubVetor[0-3] = [3, 12, 20, 51]
//           Quartis[0-2] = [7, 16, 35]
// rank 1 e SubVetor[0-3] = [7, 10, 35, 40]
//           Quartis[0-2] = [8, 22, 37]
// rank 2 e SubVetor[0-3] = [1, 4, 9, 23]
//           Quartis[0-2] = [2, 6, 16]
// rank 3 e SubVetor[0-3] = [2, 6, 8, 21]
//           Quartis[0-2] = [4, 7, 14]
```

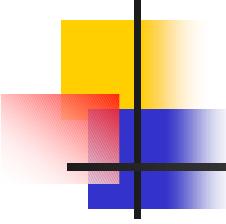


Passo 4 – Enviar as Separatrizes

- ❑ Todas as tarefas enviam os dados para a tarefa root (com recebimento):

```
MPI_Gather(void* sendbuf, int sendcount,  
          MPI_Datatype sendtype, void* recvbuf,  
          int recvcount, MPI_Datatype recvtype,  
          int root, MPI_Comm comm);
```

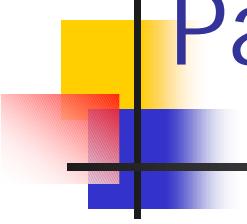
```
// Passo 4. Envie os p-1 quartis para a tarefa 0  
rbuf = (int *)malloc(size*(size-1)*sizeof(int));  
MPI_Gather(Quartis, size-1, MPI_INT, rbuf, size-1,  
           MPI_INT, root, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```



Passo 4 – P_0 recebe os Quartis

// rank 0

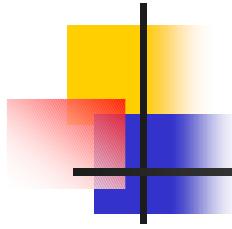
// rbuf[0-11] = [7, 16, 35, 8, 22, 37, 2, 6, 16, 4, 7, 14]



Passo 5 – Computar o conjunto S

```
// Passo 5. Calcule o conjunto S – P0
S = (int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int));
if (rank == root) {
    tamrbuf = size*(size-1);
    qsort(rbuf, tamrbuf, size_e, Compar);
    for (i = 1; i < size; i++)
        S[i-1] = (rbuf[((i*tamrbuf)/size)-1] +
                    rbuf[((i*tamrbuf)/size)])/2;
    S[size-1] = 10000;}  

free(rbuf);
```

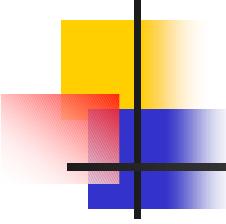


Passo 5 – P_0 computa S

// rank 0

// rbuf[0-11] = [2, 4, 6, 7, 7, 8, 14, 16, 16, 22, 35, 37]

// S[0-2] = [6, 11, 16]



Passo 6 – Enviar S para as tarefas

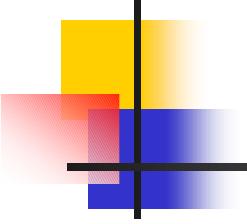
```
// Passo 6. Envie S a todas as tarefas  
MPI_Bcast(S, size, MPI_INT, root,  
MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

Passo 7 – Calcular os Buckets

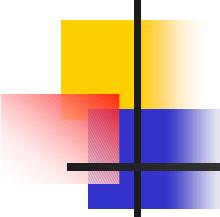
// Passo 7. Calcula os buckets

```
sbuff = (int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int));
send_displ = (int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int));
j = 0; k = 1;
for (i = 0; i < tam; i++) {
    if (SubVetor[i] < S[j]) k++;
    else { sbuff[j] = k-1; j++; k = 1; i--; } }
sbuff[j] = k-1;
send_displ[0] = 0;
for (i = 1; i < size; i++)
    send_displ[i] = send_displ[i-1] + sbuff[i-1];
free(S);
```

Passo 7 – Calcular os Buckets



```
rank 0 e SubVetor[0-3] = [3, 12, 20, 51]
rank 1 e SubVetor[0-3] = [7, 10, 35, 40]
rank 2 e SubVetor[0-3] = [1, 4, 9, 23]
rank 3 e SubVetor[0-3] = [2, 6, 8, 21]
S[0-2] = [6, 11, 16]
rank 0 sbuf[0-3] = [1, 0, 1, 2]
    send_displ[0] = [0, 1, 1, 2]
rank 1 sbuf[0-3] = [0, 2, 0, 2]
    send_displ[0-3] = [0, 0, 2, 2]
rank 2 sbuf[0-3] = [2, 1, 0, 1]
    send_displ[0-3] = [0, 2, 3, 3]
rank 3 sbuf[0-3] = [1, 2, 0, 1]
    send_displ[0-3] = [0, 1, 3, 3]
```



Passo 8 – Troque os Buckets

- ❑ Enviar o tamanho dos buckets para todas as tarefas e receber o tamanho dos buckets:

```
MPI_Alltoall(void* sendbuf, int sendcount,  
            MPI_Datatype sendtype, void* recvbuf,  
            int recvcount, MPI_Datatype recvtype,  
            MPI_Comm comm);
```

```
// Passo 8.1. Envie (receba) o tamanho dos buckets  
rbuf = (int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int));  
rec_displ = (int *)malloc(size*sizeof(int));  
MPI_Alltoall(sbuf, 1, MPI_INT, rbuf, 1, MPI_INT,  
              MPI_COMM_WORLD);
```

Passo 8 – No. Element.

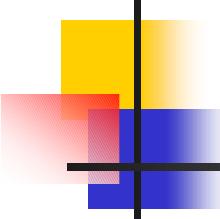
Recebidos

```
// rank 0  
// rbuf[0-3] = [1, 0 ,2, 1] rec_dispI[0-3] = [0, 1, 1, 3]  
// rank 1  
// rbuf[0-3] = [0, 2, 1, 2] rec_dispI[0-3] = [0, 0, 2, 3]  
// rank 2  
// rbuf[0-3] = [1, 0, 0, 0] rec_dispI[0-3] = [0, 1, 1, 1]  
// rank 3  
// rbuf[0-3] = [2, 2, 1, 1] rec_dispI[0-3] = [0, 2, 4, 5]
```

Passo 8 – Troque os Buckets

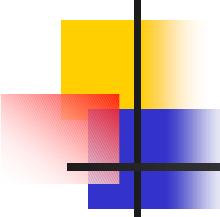
- ❑ Enviar o tamanho dos buckets para todas as tarefas e receber o tamanho dos buckets:

```
MPI_Alltoallv(void* sendbuf, int *sendcount, int *sdispls,  
              MPI_Datatype sendtype, void* recvbuf,  
              int *recvcount, int *recvdispls,  
              MPI_Datatype recvtype, MPI_Comm comm);  
  
// Passo 8.2. Envie (receba) os buckets  
rec_displ[0] = 0;  
for (i = 1; i < size; i++)  
    rec_displ[i] = rec_displ[i-1] + rbuf[i-1];  
MPI_Alltoallv(SubVetor, sbuf, send_displ,  
               MPI_INT, BuckVetor, rbuf, rec_displ,  
               MPI_INT, MPI_COMM_WORLD);  
free(sbuf); free(send_displ); free(rec_displ);
```



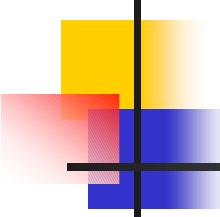
Passo 9 – Ordene os Buckets

```
// Passo 9. Ordene dos Buckets  
tamB = 0;  
for (i = 0; i < size; i++)  
    tamB = tamB + rbuf[i];  
qsort(BuckVetor, tamB, size_e, Compar);  
free(rbuf);
```



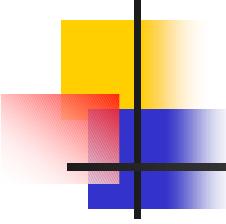
Passo 10 – Imprima o vetor

```
// Passo 10. Imprima o vetor Ordenado  
for (i = 0; i < tamB; i++)  
    printf("rank %d e BuckVetor[%d]:  
%d\n", rank, i,  
BuckVetor[i]);
```



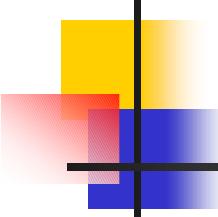
Passo 10 – Imprima o vetor

```
// rank 0  
// BuckVetor[0-3] = [1, 2, 3, 4]  
// rank 1  
// BuckVetor[0-4] = [6, 7, 8, 9, 10]  
// rank 2  
// BuckVetor[0] = [12]  
// rank 3  
// BuckVetor[0-5] = [20, 21, 23, 35, 40, 51]
```



Passo 11 – Finalize o MPI

```
// Passo 11. Finalize o MPI  
MPI_Finalize();  
return 0;
```



Funções

```
// Implementação das funções
```

```
int Compar(const int *Lhs, const int *Rhs)
{
    int Leftkey = *Lhs;
    int Rightkey = *Rhs;

    return Leftkey < Rightkey ? -1 : Leftkey != Rightkey;
} // fim função Compar
```

